# NAIC Fundamentals Always Apply - Seven ways to make money in stocks - Seven ways to lose money in stocks Presentation information: H. Bradlee Perry David L. Babson & Company Inc. BetterInvesting - March 2000 color format is available on my website Bob Adams bob-adams@comcast.net http://bob-adams.home.comcast.net

### 7 ways to Make money in stocks

### Mr. Perry's full article is available:

www.betterinvesting.org/Members/Tools/Articles/Archives/ PrintMagazine/Archive/2000/03/200003AsTimeGoesByFu ndamentalsAlwaysApply.htm

I will send the address—send an email request

### 7 ways to Nake money in stocks

1. Invest in good businesses with superior growth and profitability

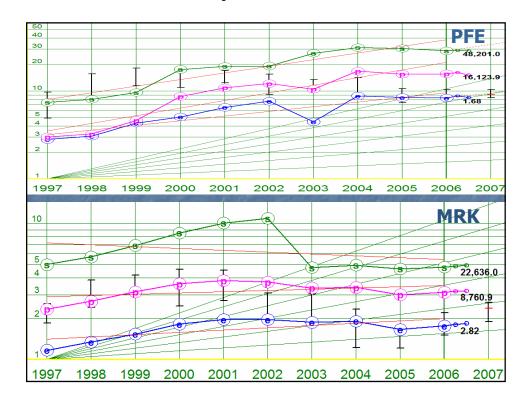
### What to look for:

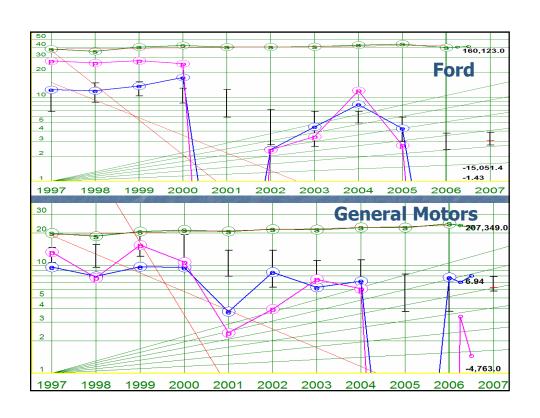
(Portfolio core companies)

- Industry with stable growth potential
- Industry immune from economic woes (non-cyclical)
- Good profit margins

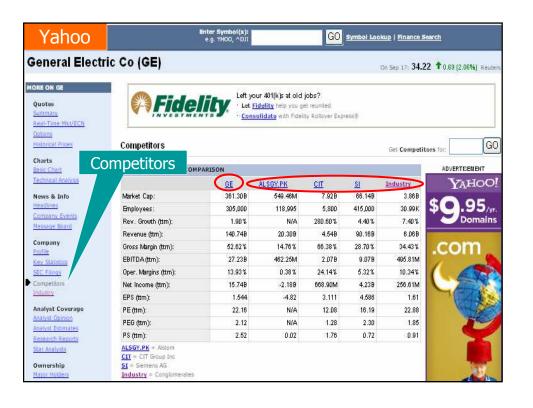
### 7 ways to Nake money in stocks

- 1. Invest in good businesses with superior growth and profitability
- -- Example:
  - Companies growing faster than the general economy
  - <u>Pfizer</u> and <u>Merck</u> have grown earnings about
     45 times in past 35 years
  - Auto manufacturers have grown earnings about 5 times in that same period





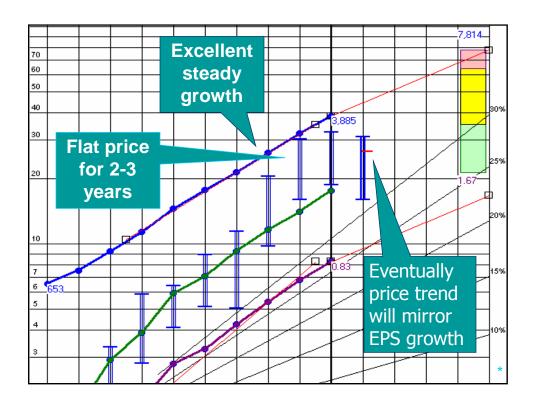


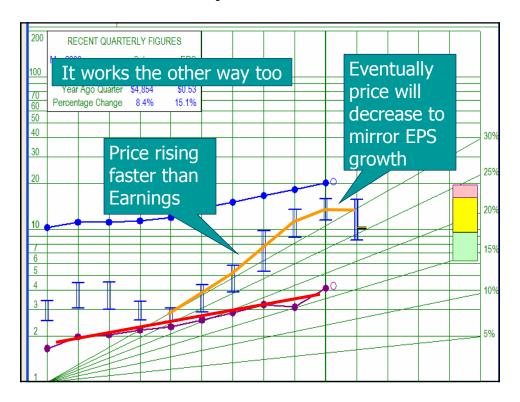










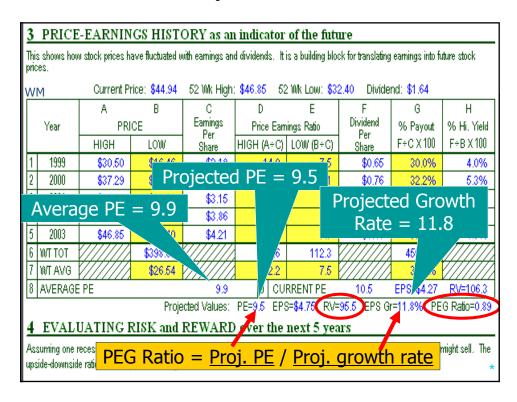




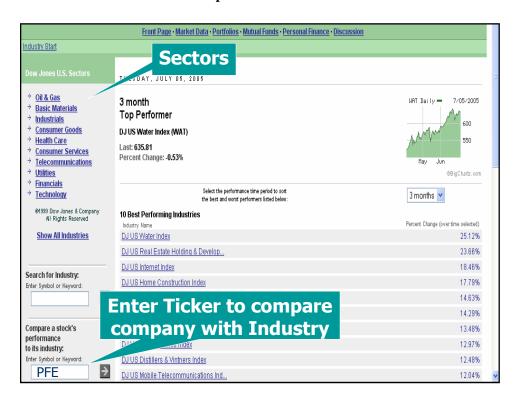


### 7 ways to Make money in stocks

- 5. Pay close attention to valuation
  - The best companies become overvalued
  - Wait for the stock's PE ratio to be near or below the average PE ratio of the last five years (Relative Value)
  - Try to buy a stock whose PE ratio is comparable to its expected growth rate (PEG Ratio)

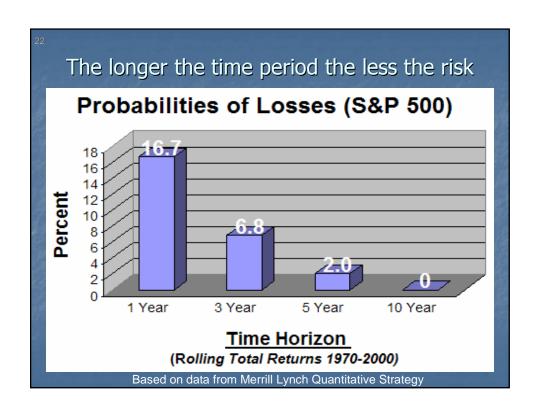


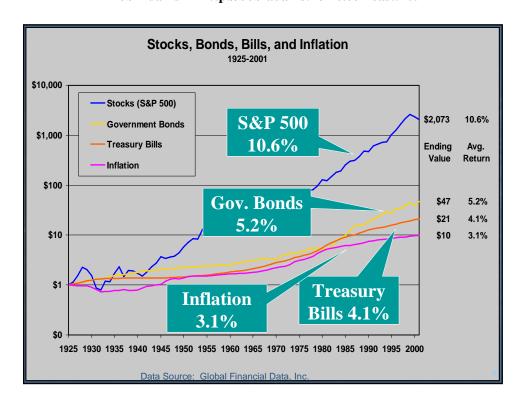


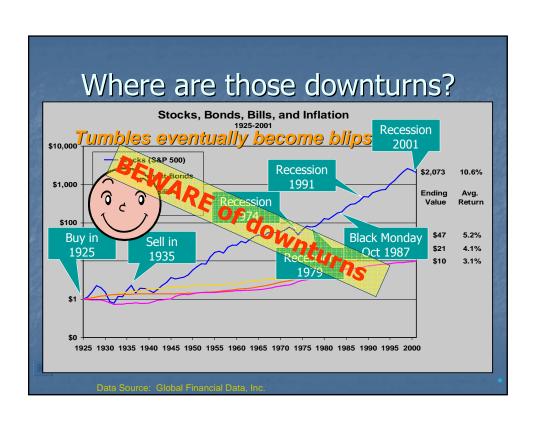




# 7 ways to Marke money in stocks 7. Have realistic expectations What's the average growth long-term? Think long-term Shooting stars are highly visible - but short lived







### 7 ways to Nake money in stocks

- 1. Invest in good businesses with superior growth and profitability
- 2. Focus on high quality companies with strong competitive positions
- 3. Concentrate on the long-term
- 4. Be willing to go against the consensus
- 5. Pay close attention to valuation
- 6. Diversify
- 7. Have realistic expectations

### 7 ways to **LOSE** money in stocks

- 1. Buy the most popular stock
  - (Buy high -- sell low)
  - Popular stocks = high earnings at the moment
    - High earnings = high competition
      - Wang Laboratories word processor
      - Digital Equipment Minicomputer market
      - Apple #1 PC producer
      - Snapple iced-tea & fruit flavored drinks

### 7 ways to **LOSE** money in stocks

2. TIME THE MARKET

Scenario: You invested in the S&P 500 every year from 1965 through mid 1995

- If you invested at the start of every year --Annualized return: 11.0%
- If you invested at the peak of every year --Annualized return: 10.6%
- If you invested at the low of every year -- Annualized return: 11.7%

### 7 ways to **LOSE** money in stocks

(2.) TIME THE MARKET

Solomon Brothers study 1980 - 1989 ..... 2,550 trading days

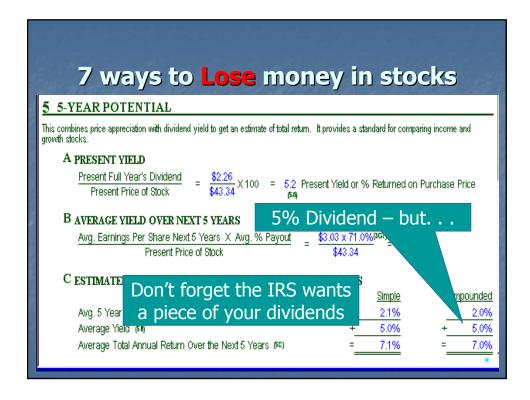
- S&P total return averaged <u>17.6%</u> per year
- If you missed best 20 days; return dropped to 9.3%
- If you missed best 40 days; return dropped to 3.9%

### 7 ways to Lose money in stocks

- 3. Ride the strong upsurges in cyclical stocks
  - "Catch the wave" mentality
  - Cyclical stocks:
    - Automobile
    - Chemical
    - Paper
    - Steel
  - Peak out when earnings still rising & economic picture is bright

### 7 ways to Lose money in stocks

- 4. Become mesmerized by Dividend yield
  - Look for <u>Total</u> Yield Growth + Dividend
    - (Total Return)





2 EVALUATING MANAGEMENT						Company ADVANCED MICRO DEVICES (AMD							) 08/29/07		
		1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	LAST 5 YEAR AVG.	TRI UP	DOWN	
	A % Pre-tax Profit on Sales (Net Before Taxes + Sales)	-3.2	-7.3	-11.0	19.7	1.1	-32.7	-9.4	2.6	2.7	6.0	-6.2	UΡ		
	B % Earned on Equity (E/S + Book Value)	-1.1	-4.9	-17.8	23.9	0.8	-27.9	-11.8	4.4	8.6	2.5	-4.8	UΡ		
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2 EVALUATING MANAGEMENT Company TEXAS INSTRUMENTS INC (TXN)												08/29/07			
		1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	LAST 5 YEAR AVG.	UP TR	DOWN	
	A % Pre-tax Profit on Sales (Net Before Taxes + Sales)	43.7	12.8	22.7	25.3	-1.0	3.7	12.2	19.2	22.3	24.4	16.4	UP		
	B % Earned on Equity (E/S + Book Value)	5.0	10.7	15.6	15.8	0.1	2.9	9.5	13.8	17.8	20.2	12.8	UP		
2 EVALUATING MANAGEMENT Company INTEL CORPORATION (INTC)													0	8/29/07	
		1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	LAST 5 YEAR AVG.	TRI UP	DOWN	
	A % Pre-tax Profit on Sales (Net Before Taxes + Sales)	42.5	35.4	39.5	38.6	10.0	17.2	26.8	30.7	32.8	19.5	25.4		DOWN	
	B % Earned on Equity (E/S + Book Value)	29.5	24.9	22.2	23.6	4.3	9.1	14.4	18.8	23.9	13.2	15.9		DOWN	





"Spend at least as much time researching a stock as you would choosing a refrigerator".

Peter Lynch:

"Never invest in any idea you can't Illustrate with a crayon."

### 7 ways to Lose money in stocks

- 7. This Time it's Different
  - "Earnings don't matter?"
  - "Bigger is better at any cost."
  - "Market share, market share."
  - "Baby boomers will drive the market."
  - 1997 "Asian countries will continue their breakneck growth."

### 7 ways to Lose money in stocks

- 1. Buy the most popular stock
- 2. TIME THE MARKET
- 3. Ride the strong upsurges in cyclical stocks
- 4. Become mesmerized by Dividend yield
- 5. Invest in weak competitors
- 6. Buy stocks on tips
- 7. This Time it's Different

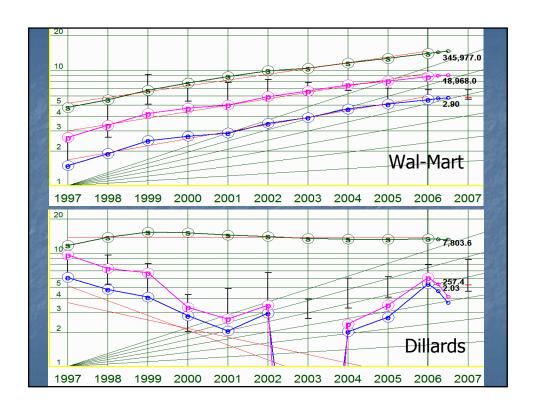
### **Summary**

. . . Mr. Perry's other admonitions and more.

■ The bottom line. . .

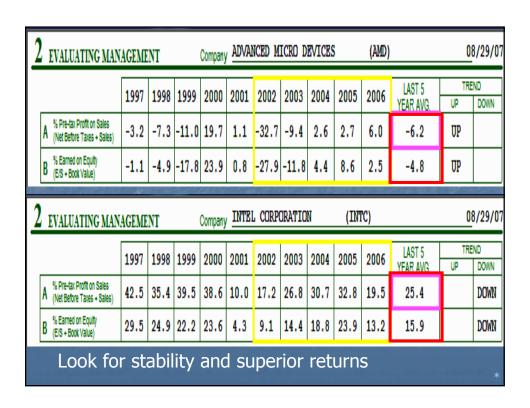
# Focus on High Quality Companies with Strong <u>Competitive</u> Positions

- From history, in 9 out of 10 cases
  - Today's leader in any established business will be tomorrow's leader
  - Today's laggard will be tomorrow's laggard
  - The exception is in start up industries where leaders can falter
  - DO YOU REALLY THINK **Dillards** WILL TAKE OVER **WAL MART**?



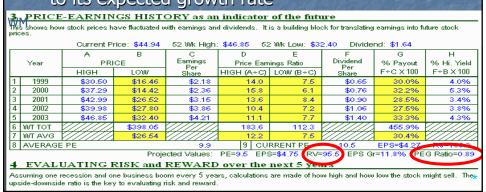
### Invest Only in High-Quality Growth Companies

- Profit margins and return-on-equity above the average for their industry
  - COMPARE Intel WITH Adv. Micro Devices
- If using Value Line, avoid companies with Financial Strength ratings lower than B
- Avoid companies with excessive debt
  - Especially during recessions
- Look for management ownership



### Don't Overpay for a Stock

- Wait for the stock's PE ratio to be near or below the average PE ratio of the last five years
- Try to buy a stock whose PE ratio is comparable to its expected growth rate



### Take action to <u>Investigate</u> if:

- Price is in the Sell Zone
- P/E is above 150% average PE
- Upside/Downside Ratio equal to or less than 1
- Expected Annualized Growth less than 10-12%
- Profitability is slowing
- PERT-A shows deterioration (Especially in Sales)
  - <u>EPS</u> growth well above <u>Sales</u> growth or decreasing

